HIM-1311: Legal Aspects of Health Care

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# **HIM-1311: LEGAL ASPECTS OF HEALTH CARE**

# **Cuyahoga Community College**

Viewing: HIM-1311: Legal Aspects of Health Care

**Board of Trustees:** 

January 2024

**Academic Term:** 

Fall 2024

**Subject Code** 

HIM - Health Information Management

**Course Number:** 

1311

Title:

Legal Aspects of Health Care

#### **Catalog Description:**

Introduction of legal and ethical issues applicable to health information including confidentiality; release of information; legislative process; the court system; legal vocabulary; retention guidelines; patient rights/advocacy; advance directives and ethics.

## Credit Hour(s):

3

#### Lecture Hour(s):

2

# Lab Hour(s):

2

## Requisites

#### **Prerequisite and Corequisite**

ENG-1010 College Composition I; and MA-1010 Introduction to Medical Terminology, or MA-1020 Medical Terminology I.

## **Outcomes**

#### Course Outcome(s):

Apply legal processes impacting health information.

# **Essential Learning Outcome Mapping:**

Written Communication: Demonstrate effective written communication for an intended audience that follows genre/disciplinary conventions that reflect clarity, organization, and editing skills.

#### Objective(s):

- 1. Differentiate between the legal health record and a designated record set.
- 2. Identify the role of the custodian of health records.
- 3. Articulate health record access and release of information.
- 4. Articulate the admissibility of health records per Federal Rules of Evidence and Uniform Rules of Evidence.
  - a. Hearsay rule
  - b. Business exception rule of evidence
- 5. Compare the types and sources of law that govern the healthcare industry.
- 6. Identify the steps in the legal process.
- 7. Identify the United States legal system, court systems and legal procedures.
- 8. Apply professional liability theories to situations of wrongdoing.
- 9. Articulate patient rights regarding healthcare decisions, purpose and types of consents, and advance directives.
- 10. Identify legal issues in health information management, including factors that govern the creation and maintenance of the health record.

## Course Outcome(s):

Demonstrate compliance with external forces.

#### Objective(s):

- 1. Identify legislation at the federal and state levels that affects health record content and retention.
- 2. Differentiate between court orders, subpoena ad testificandum, subpoena duces tecum, and search warrants.
- 3. Articulate the external forces which mandate health record content, licensure of practitioners, and accreditation agencies of health care organizations.

#### Course Outcome(s):

Identify the components of risk management related to health information management.

## Objective(s):

- 1. Identify the role of the risk manager in a health care environment.
- 2. Articulate problem analysis methods (e.g., cause and effect analysis, risk identification and assessment, and root cause analysis) as related to:
  - a. Privacy and security breaches
  - b. Disaster planning and recovery
- 3. Articulate the use of incident reports related to sentinel events or incidents that may occur in a health care setting.
- 4. Articulate the risk related to physician privileges, licensure, malpractice and the National Practitioner Data Bank.
- 5. Identify the purpose of medical staff credentialing.
- 6. Demonstrate the differences among licensure, certification and accreditation.

#### Course Outcome(s):

Identify the impact of policy on health care.

## Objective(s):

- 1. Articulate governmental policy-making process
- 2. Identify public health initiatives
  - a. Affordable Care Act
  - b. Accountable care organization
  - c. Patient-centered home
- 3. Differentiate between the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) Privacy Rule and the Security Rule.

### Methods of Evaluation:

- 1. Assignments: Homework, Internet research, discussion board items, writing assignments
- 2. Minor assessments in the form of quizzes and/or tests
- 3. Web assignments relevant to current Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) regulations.
- 4. Web assignments relevant to current American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) regulations.
- 5. Web assignments relevant to Fraud and Abuse and the Office of the Inspector General (OIG)
- 6. Midterm examination
- 7. Final examination

## **Course Content Outline:**

- 1. Workings of the American legal system
  - a. Types of law
    - i. Public and private law
  - b. Sources of law
    - i. Constitution
    - ii. Statutes
    - iii. Administrative decisions and regulations
    - iv. Judicial decisions

- 1. Stare decisis
- 2. Res judicata
- c. Branches of government
  - i. Legislative branch
  - ii. Judicial branch
  - iii. Executive branch
  - iv. Quasi-legal requirements
- 2. Court systems and legal procedures
  - a. Court systems
    - i. Jurisdiction
    - ii. Court structure
  - b. Legal process
    - i. Beginning the lawsuit
      - 1. Plaintiff
      - 2. Defendant
      - 3. Complaint
    - ii. Discovery
      - 1. Depositions
      - 2. Interrogatories
      - 3. Production of documents and things
      - 4. Physical/mental examination
      - 5. Requests for admission
      - 6. Pretrial conference
    - iii. Trial
      - 1. Opening statements
      - 2. Presentation of the plaintiff's case
        - a. Direct examination
        - b. Cross examination
        - c. Objections
          - i. Sustained
          - ii. Overruled
        - d. Motion for directed verdict
      - 3. Presentation of the defendant's case
        - a. Direct examination
        - b. Cross examination
        - c. Objections
          - i. Sustained
          - ii. Overruled
      - 4. Closing statements
      - 5. Directions to the jury
      - 6. Verdict
      - 7. Overturn of the verdict
      - 8. Role of jury
      - 9. Role of judge
      - 10. Appeal
      - 11. Satisfying the judgement
  - c. Alternative dispute resolution
    - i. Alternative dispute resolution
    - ii. Mediation
    - iii. Arbitration
    - iv. Negotiation and settlement
- 3. Principles of liability
  - a. Healthcare relationships
    - i. Physician patient relationship
    - ii. Hospital patient relationship
    - iii. Hospital physician relationship
- 4. Theories of liability

- a. Nonintentional torts
  - i. Negligence
  - ii. Malpractice
  - iii. Medical malpractice
  - iv. Duty of care
  - v. Breach of duty of care
    - 1. State laws and regulations
    - 2. Written material
    - 3. Facility's policies and procedures
    - 4. Expert testimony
  - vi. Causation
  - vii. Damages
    - 1. Nominal
    - 2. Actual
    - 3. Punitive
- b. Res ipsa loquitur
- c. Vicarious liability
- d. Corporate negligence
- e. Failure to warn
- f. Intentional torts
  - i. Assault and battery
  - ii. Defamation
  - iii. Invasion of privacy
  - iv. Medical abandonment
  - v. Breach of contract
- 5. Defenses and limitations on liability
  - a. Statute of limitations
  - b. Charitable immunity
  - c. Governmental immunity
  - d. Good Samaritan statutes
  - e. Contributory negligence
  - f. Comparative negligence
  - g. Assumption of risk
- 6. Patient record requirements
  - a. Function and use of the health record
  - b. Legal requirement for health record content
    - i. Content of the health record
      - 1. Statutory provisions
      - 2. Regulations
      - 3. Accrediting standards
      - 4. Institutional standards
      - 5. Professional guidelines
    - ii. Timely and complete health records
      - 1. Authorship
      - 2. Authentication
      - 3. Completeness
      - 4. Corrections to the health record
        - a. By healthcare provider
        - b. Paper-based
        - c. Electronic
        - d. By the patient
    - iii. Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA)
  - c. Retention requirements
    - i. Statutes and regulations
    - ii. Other external forces
    - iii. Bases for decision
  - d. Record destruction
    - i. Destruction in the ordinary course
    - ii. Destruction due to closure

- e. Access to health information
  - i. Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA)
  - ii. Preemption analysis for state regulations
- f. Ownership health information
  - i. Patient
  - ii. Provider
- g. Notice of use and disclosure
  - i. Notice of information practices
  - ii. Consent
  - iii. Authorization
  - iv. HIPAA regulations
  - v. Preemption
- h. Access by or on behalf of the patient
  - i. General principles of disclosure of information
    - 1. Release of information
    - 2. Minimum elements
    - 3. HIPAA regulations
    - 4. Core elements of a valid release of information form
    - 5. Common defects of an invalid release of information form
    - 6. Minimum necessary standard
    - 7. Emancipated minors
  - ii. Continuum of ownership
  - iii. Third parties
  - iv. Reasonable fees
- i. Access by the researcher
  - i. Department of health and human services
  - ii. Institutional review board
  - iii. HIPAA regulations
- j. Access by the business associate
- k. Access pursuant to reporting laws
- I. Access to adoption records
- 7. Confidentiality and informed consent
  - a. Confidentiality
  - b. Constitutional basis
  - c. Statutory basis
    - i. Federal level
    - ii. State level
    - iii. Common law basis
  - d. Informed consent
    - i. Historical development
    - ii. Scope of informed consent doctrine
    - iii. Who may consent to treatment
      - 1. Minor patients
      - 2. legally incompetent patients
    - iv. Emergency situations
    - v. Information to be disclosed
    - vi. Situations requiring informed consent
- 8. Judicial process of health information
  - a. Medical records as evidence
    - i. Evidence
      - 1. Admissible
      - 2. Hearsay
    - ii. Business record exception
    - iii. Foundation and trustworthiness requirements
    - iv. Sample questions presented to the custodial of health records
    - v. Privilege
  - b. Response to legal process

- i. Subpoenas
  - 1. Definition
  - 2. Types
    - a. Subpoena ad testificandum
    - b. Subpoena duces tecum
  - 3. Common elements of a valid subpoena
- ii. Court orders
- iii. Show cause order
- iv. Response methods
- 9. Specialized patient records
  - a. Differences between specialized patient records and generalized patient records
  - b. Types
    - i. Drug and alcohol abuse
      - 1. Confidentiality
      - 2. Patient identification
      - 3. Patient notice
      - 4. Release of information
      - 5. Disclosure with written patient authorization
      - 6. Release of information form
      - 7. Components of a valid authorization
      - 8. Notice accompanying disclosure
      - 9. Disclosure without written patient authorization
        - a. Medical emergencies
        - b. Research activities
        - c. Disclosures pursuant to court orders
        - d. Audit activities
      - 10. Miscellaneous issues
      - 11. Effect of state laws
      - 12. Disposition of records
      - 13. Enforcement and penalties
    - ii. Mental health and developmental disability care
      - 1. Content requirements
      - 2. Privacy restrictions
        - a. Patient identification
      - 3. Release of information
      - 4. Disclosure without written patient authorization
      - 5. Disclosure pursuant to court order
    - iii. Home health care
    - iv. Genetic information
- 10. Risk management and quality management
  - a. Risk management
    - i. General principles
    - ii. Patient record requirements
      - 1. Documentation
      - 2. Security
    - iii. Confidentiality
    - iv. Incident reports
      - 1. Definition and purposes
      - 2. Discoverability and admissibility
  - b. Quality management
    - i. Peer review privileges
    - ii. National practitioner data bank
      - 1. Requirements for the reporting of medical malpractice payments
- 11. HIV information
  - a. Testing
    - i. Background information about HIV/AIDS
    - ii. Voluntary testing
    - iii. Mandatory testing
    - iv. Anonymous testing

HIM-1311: Legal Aspects of Health Care

- b. Patient confidentiality
- c. Legal challenges
  - i. Employment challenges
  - ii. Improper disclosure challenged
- 12. Computerized patient records
  - a. Accreditation and licensure issues
    - i. Creation and storage
    - ii. Authentication
  - b. Liability issues
    - i. Admissible evidence
    - ii. Security issues
    - iii. Physical security
    - iv. Personnel security
  - c. Risk prevention techniques
  - d. Electronic health issues
    - i. Internet
    - ii. Electronic mail
    - iii. Digital imaging
    - iv. Telemedicine
- 13. Healthcare fraud and abuse
  - a. Fraud and abuse
    - i. Major laws addressing fraud and abuse
    - ii. Law enforcement agencies
  - b. Compliance programs

# **Resources**

Brodnik, Melanie S., Laurie Rinehart-Thompson, Rebecca Reynolds. *Fundamentals of Law for Heatlh Informatics and Information Management*. 4th. Chicago, IL.: AHIMA Press, 2023.

Mcway, Dana C. *Today's Health Information Management: An Integrated Approach*. 2nd. Clifton Park, NY: Thomson Delmar Learning, 2014.

# **Instructional Services**

### **OAN Number:**

Transfer Assurance Guide OHL021

#### **CTAN Number:**

Career Technical Assurance Guide CTHIM002

Top of page Key: 2144